

CMSC 201 Fall 2016

Homework 2 – Pseudocode to Code

Assignment: Homework 2 – Pseudocode to Code

Due Date: Wednesday, September 21st, 2016 by 8:59:59 PM

Value: 40 points

Collaboration: For Homework 2, collaboration is not allowed – you must work individually. You may still come to office hours for help, but you may not work with any other CMSC 201 students.

Your collaboration statement should state that Collaboration was not allowed on this assignment.

UPDATE: Questions 2 and 3 have been updated. Please see the individual questions for details.

Make sure that you have a complete file header comment at the top of <u>each</u> file, and that all of the information is correctly filled out.

File: FILENAME.py
Author: YOUR NAME
Date: THE DATE

Section: YOUR DISCUSSION SECTION NUMBER

E-mail: YOUR EMAIL@umbc.edu

Description:

DESCRIPTION OF WHAT THE PROGRAM DOES

Collaboration:

COLLABORATION STATEMENT GOES HERE



Homework 2 is designed to help you practice translating pseudocode and flowcharts into Python code. Remember to enable Python 3 before running and testing your code:

scl enable python33 bash

Instructions

For each of the questions below, you are given an algorithm, expressed in either pseudocode or a flowchart. From this information, you must implement a working solution in Python. For this exercise, you will only need to use concepts we have discussed in class such as variables, expressions, casting to an integer, and print().

The pseudocode and flowcharts may combine multiple lines of code into one step, or they may split something that would take a single line of code into multiple pieces. Think carefully about what the overall goal of the algorithm is before you begin coding.

At the end, your Homework 2 files must run without any errors.



Questions

Each question is worth 9 points. Following the directions is worth 4 points.

Question 1

Write your program for Question 1 in a file called hw2 part1.py.

This algorithm, shown in a flowchart, calculates the total cost to buy and ship a large order of books from an online bookstore.

Translate this flowchart into a Python program. subtotal = Start price * quantity Display "What is the tax = price of the book?" subtotal * 0.06 Get the price shipping = [store as a float] quantity * 6.95 Display "How many total = subtotal + copies do you want? tax + shipping Display "The total Get the quantity cost is \$", total [store as an integer]

End



Question 2

Write your program for Question 2 in a file called hw2 part2.py.

This algorithm, shown in pseudocode, describes how to extract the number of dollars and number of cents from a price when the price is given as a float. For example, a price of 5.99 yields a value of 5 for the dollars and 99 for the cents.

Translate this pseudocode into a Python program.

```
Display "What is the price?"
Store the value as a float
```

Cast the price to an integer, and store the result in variable (HINT: Think about what this number represents)

```
(UPDATED INSTRUCTIONS BEGIN HERE)
```

Subtract the number of dollars from the price, and multiply the result by 100 to get the number of cents

Cast the numbers of cents to an integer, and save the result

(UPDATED INSTRUCTIONS END HERE)

Display "The number of dollars is: " and the number of dollars Display "The number of cents is: " and the number of cents

For this algorithm, the names of the variables are not given to you. You should choose meaningful variable names.

Casting a variable to an integer is covered in detail in Lecture 4. A short example is shown below:

```
myFloat = 7.76
myInt = int(myFloat)
# The value of myInt is now 7 (an integer)
```



Question 3

Write your program for Question 3 in a file called hw2 part3.py.

This algorithm, shown in pseudocode, is a very simple implementation of a basic shopping list application.

Translate this pseudocode into a Python program.

Display "What would you like to buy first?" Store the value as a string called item1

```
Display "You are buying [item1]" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Display "How many would you like to buy?" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Store the value as an integer called amount1
```

Display "What would you like to buy second?" Store the value as a string called item2

```
Display "You are buying [item2]" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Display "How many would you like to buy?" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Store the value as an integer called amount2
```

Display "What would you like to buy third?" Store the value as a string called item3

```
Display "You are buying [item3]" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Display "How many would you like to buy?" (UPDATED INSTRUCTION)
Store the value as an integer called amount3
```

Calculate how many total items the user is buying, and store in a variable called totalNumber

```
Display "You are buying [totalNumber] items:"
Display "[amount1] [item1]"
Display "[amount2] [item2]"
Display "[amount3] [item3]"
```

When the algorithm shows [item1] or something similar in the text to display, you should write your code so that it asks about the specific item.

You can see an example of what the program might look like when run on the following page.



Here is some sample output, with the user input in blue.

```
What would you like to buy first? bananas
You are buying bananas
How many would you like to buy? 5

What would you like to buy second? ramen
You are buying ramen
How many would you like to buy? 12

What would you like to buy third? milk
You are buying milk
How many would you like to buy? 2

You are buying 19 items:
5 bananas
12 ramen
2 milk
```

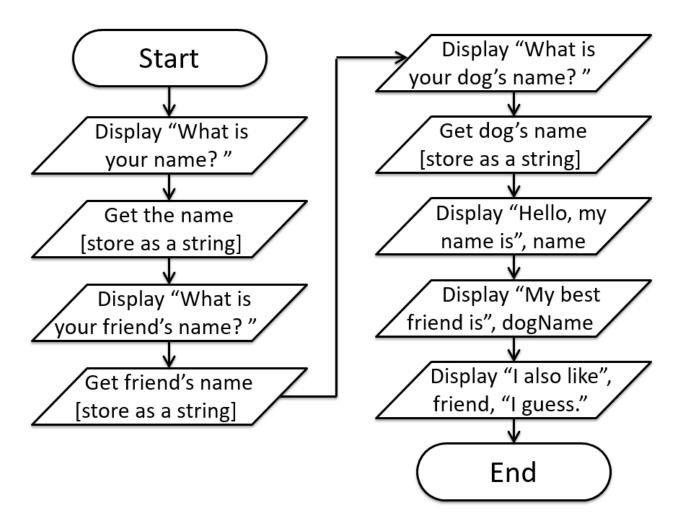


Question 4

Write your program for Question 4 in a file called hw2_part4.py.

This algorithm, shown in a flowchart, interacts with the user in a very simple way, asking them some information about themselves, and then repeating it back in a slightly different way.

Translate this flowchart into a Python program.





Submitting

NOTE: How to submit is covered in Lab 1. If you have not completed Lab 1, you should do so before completing this part of the homework.

Once your hw2_part1.py, hw2_part2.py, hw2_part3.py, and hw2_part4.py files are complete, it is time to turn it in with the submit command. (You may turn in individual files as you complete them. To do so, only submit those files that are complete.)

You must be logged into your GL account, and you must be in the same directory as your Homework 2 python files. To double-check this, you can type 1s.

```
linux1[3]% ls
hw2_part1.py hw2_part2.py hw2_part3.py hw2_part4.py
linux1[4]%
```

To submit your Homework 2 python files, we use the **submit** command, where the class is cs201, and the assignment is HW2. Type in (all on one line) submit cs201 HW2 hw2_part1.py hw2_part2.py hw2 part3.py hw2 part4.py and press enter.

```
linux1[4]% submit cs201 HW2 hw2_part1.py hw2_part2.py
hw2_part3.py hw2_part4.py
Submitting hw2_part1.py...OK
Submitting hw2_part2.py...OK
Submitting hw2_part3.py...OK
Submitting hw2_part4.py...OK
```

If you don't get a confirmation like the one above, check that you have not made any typos or errors in the command.

You can check that your homework was submitted by following the directions in Homework 0. Double-check that you submitted your homework correctly, since an empty file will result in a grade of zero for this assignment.